

ensis

Nectria has 3 different spore states



In culture



Ascospores



**In nature,
not
common**



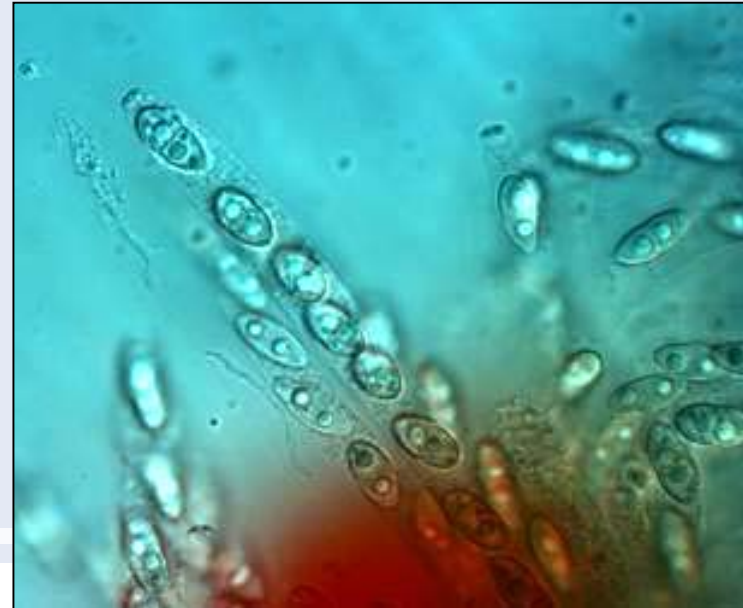
SCION 

THE JOINT FORCES OF CSIRO & SCION

ensis



Cross
section



CSIRO

SCION

THE JOINT FORCES OF CSIRO & SCION

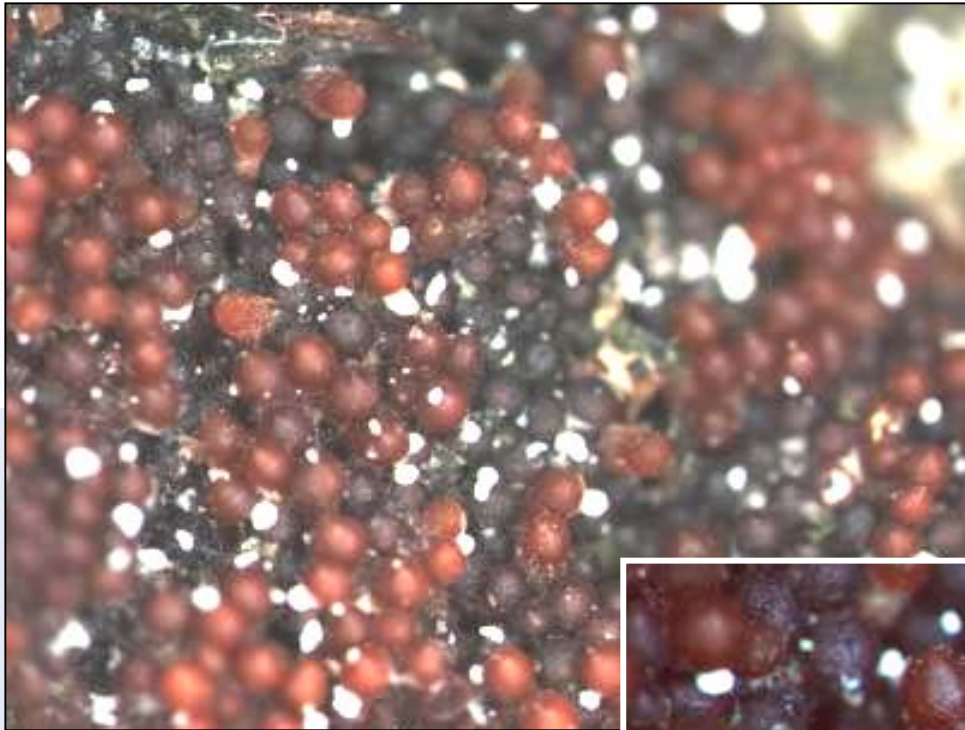
Spore dispersal ---mainly by water, not wind



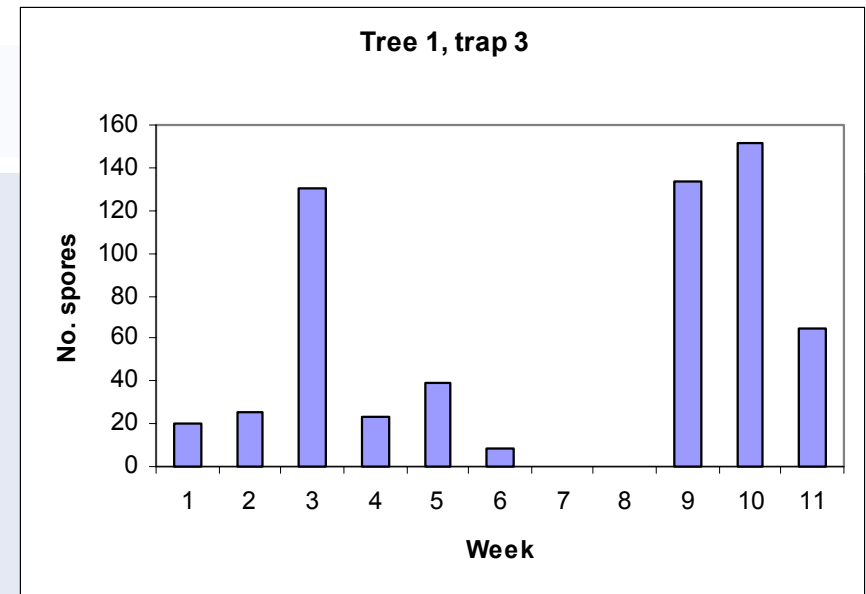
- ▶ Patchy distribution
- ▶ Slow spread

The evidence

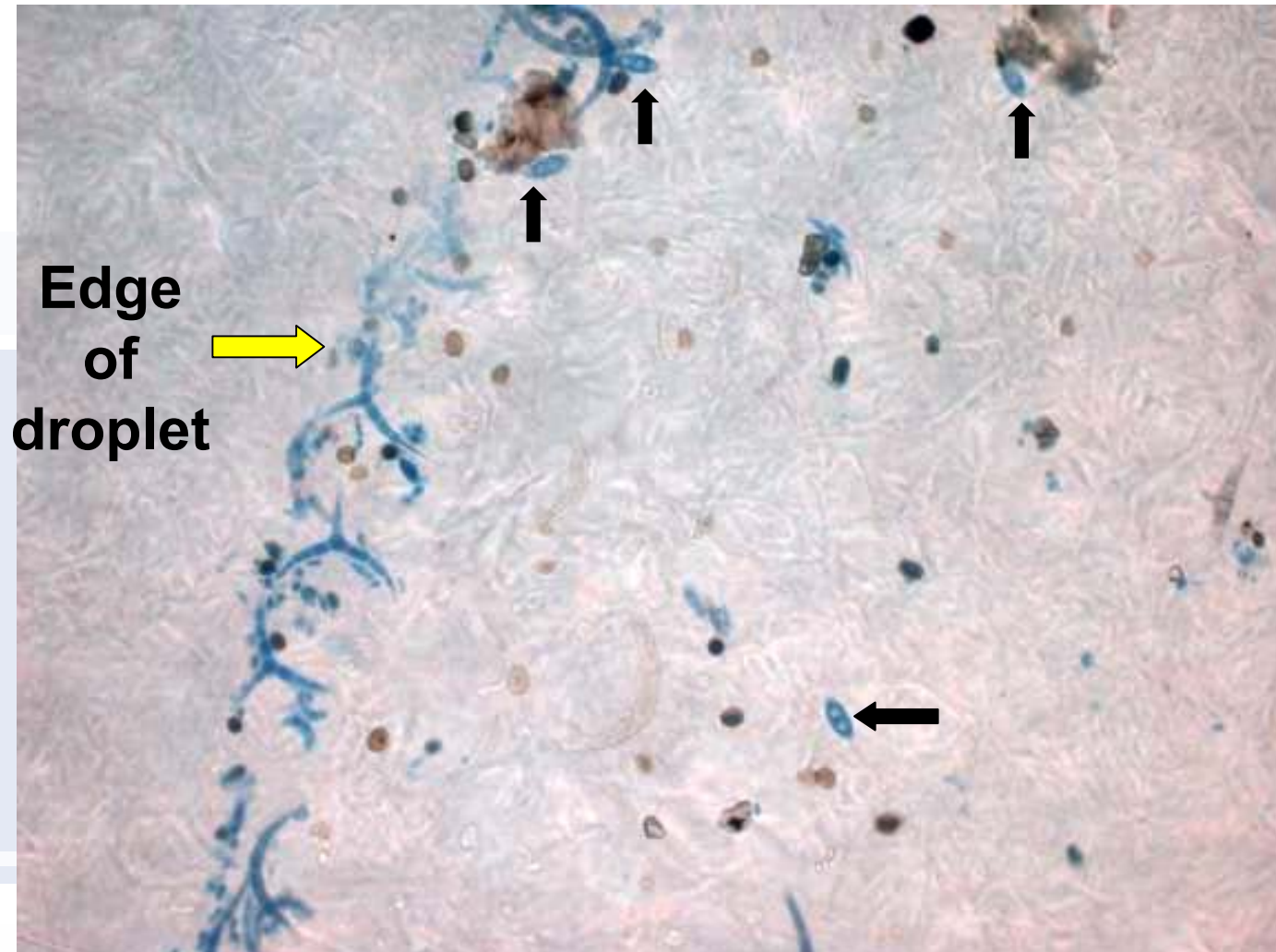
- Spores ooze out of fruit bodies when soaked in water or after a rain
- Spores dry in clumps on surface



- To show when dispersal occurs
- The effect of weather on dispersal



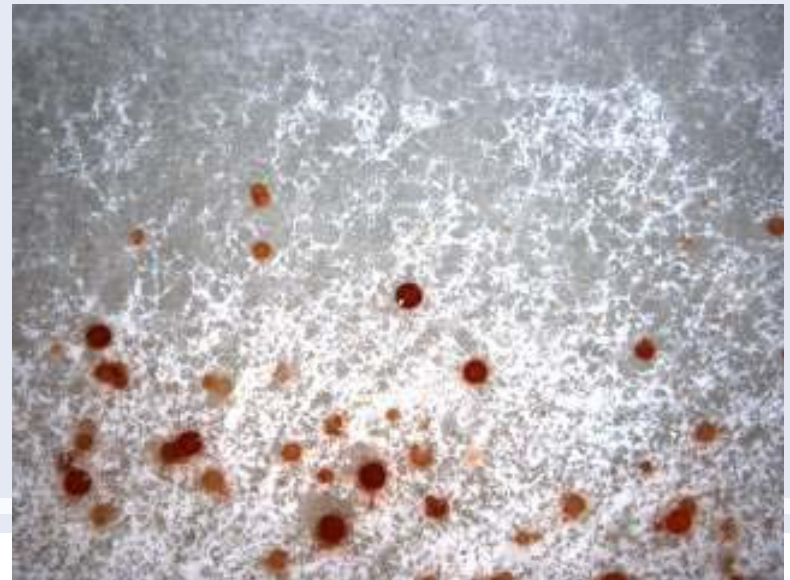
Assessing spore traps



Lab expts. 1. Factors that control fruit body production

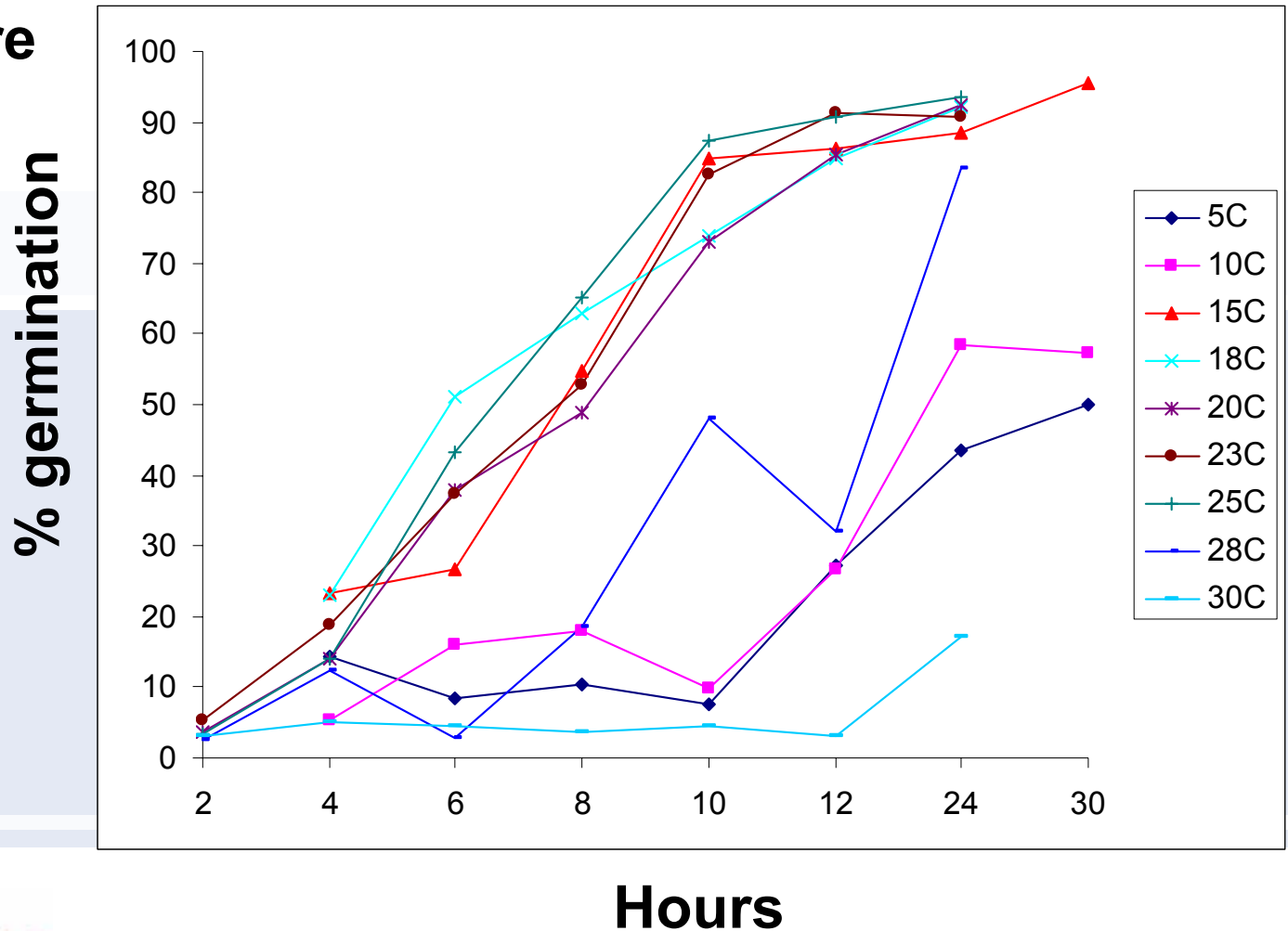


- ▶ Two compatible mating types are needed
- ▶ Suitable nutrient and light conditions



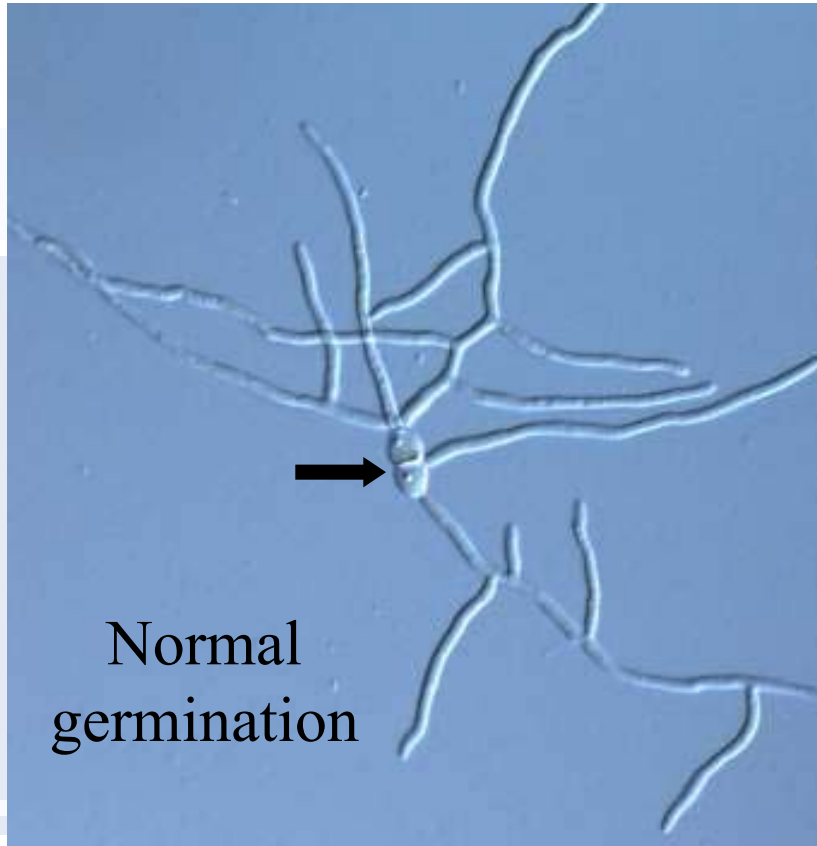
2. Conditions that induce spore germination

Effect of temperature

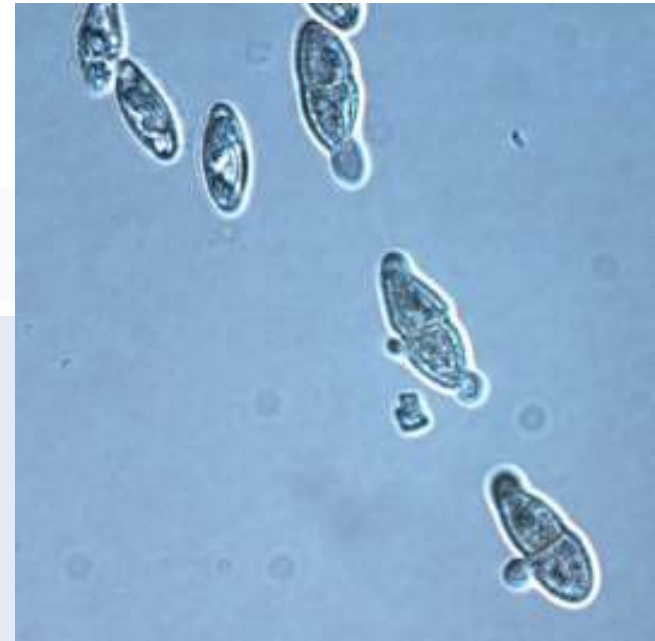


Conditions that induce spore germination

- Free water is required

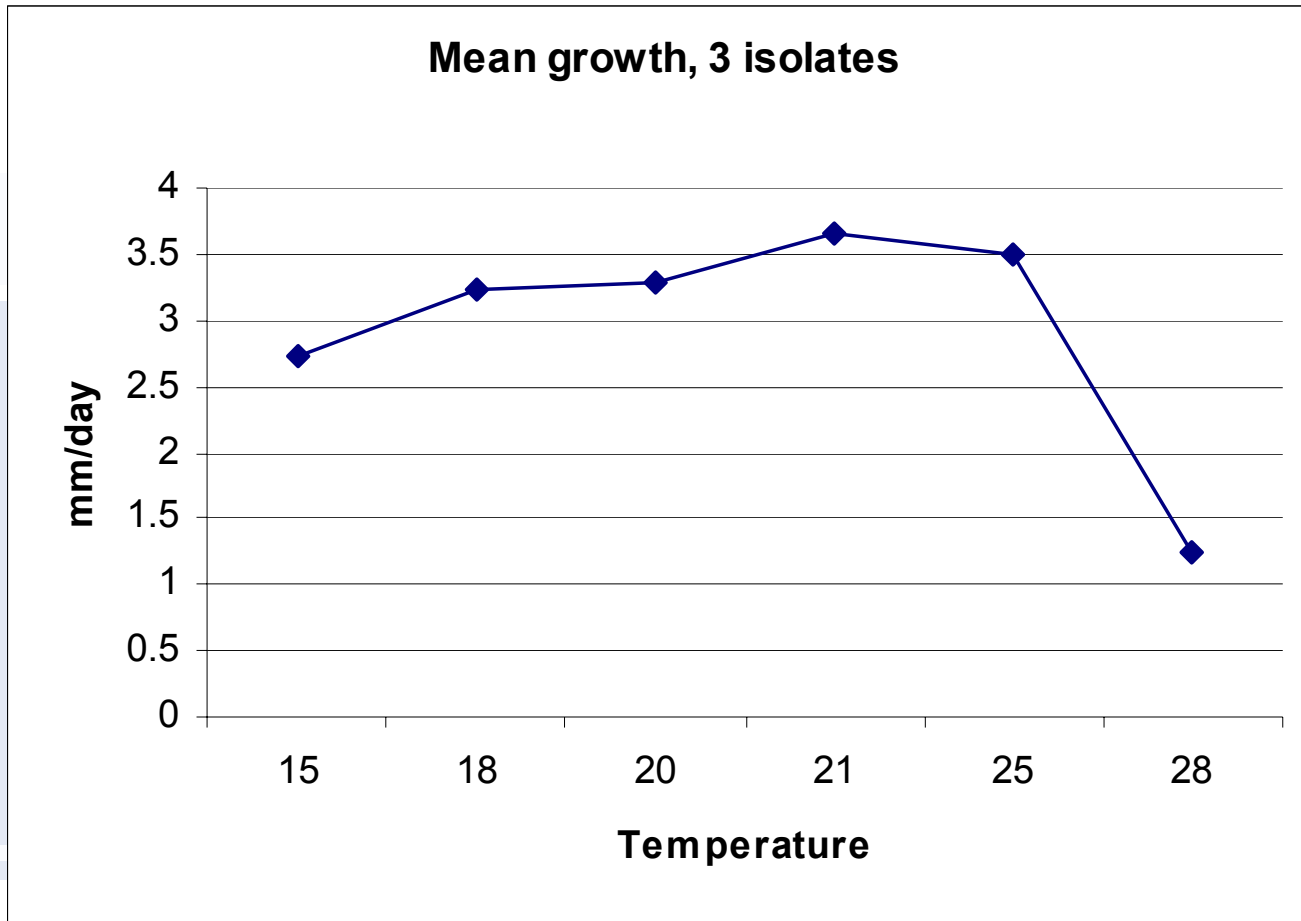


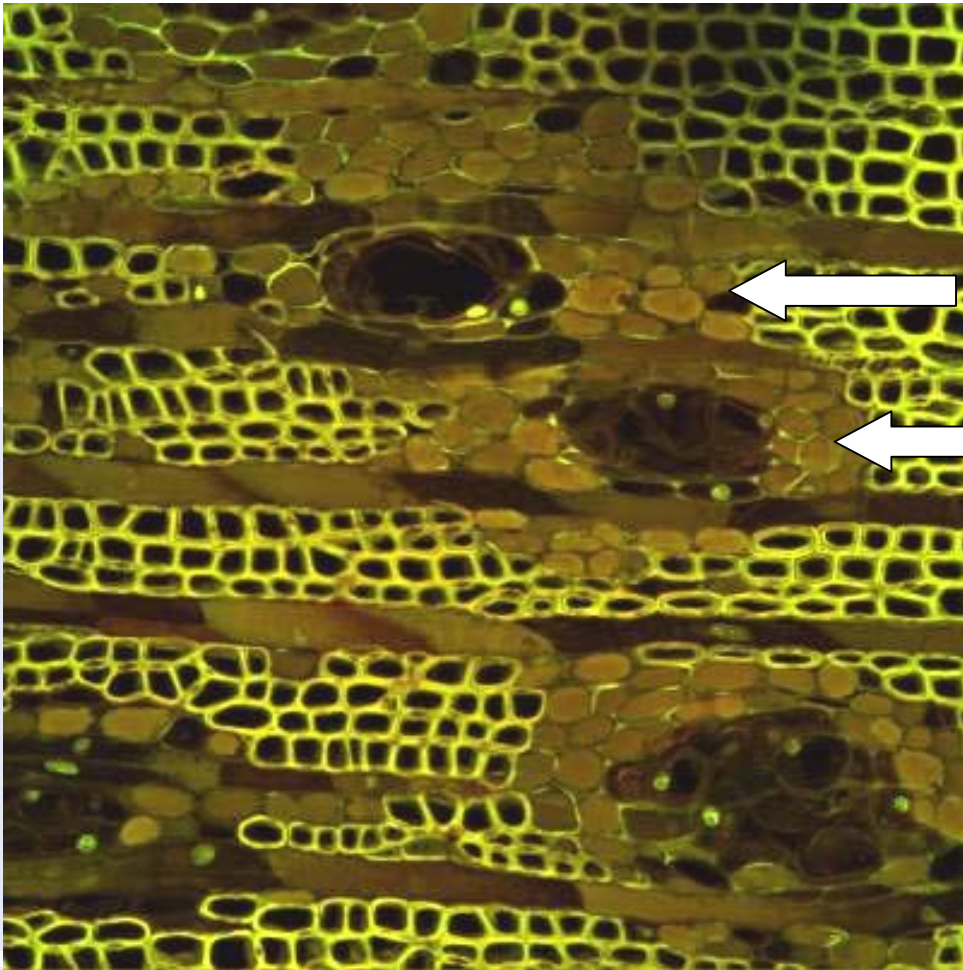
Normal
germination



Abnormal
germination at 30 C

3. Optimum temperatures for growth of cultures agree with spore germination data





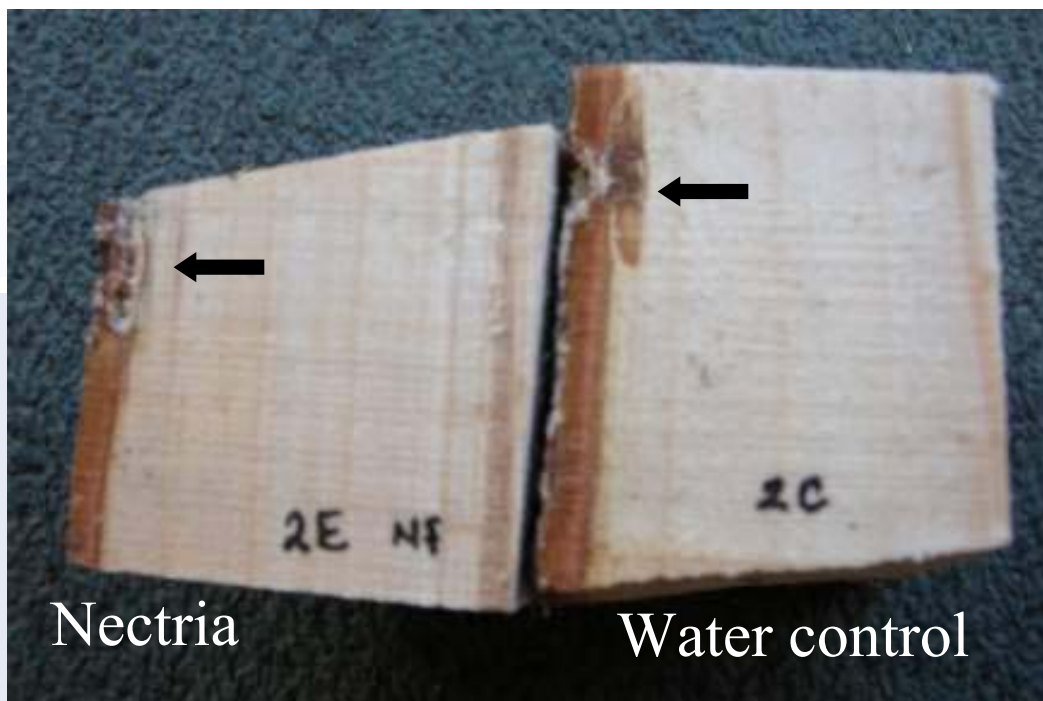
2-yr-old infection:
resistance responses
(resin ducts, tannins,
phenolics)

Healthy side does not
have these features

Early disease development and effect on host

Early infection stages,
Nov. 2005

- Inoculated 8 trees
- Harvest 2 trees every 2 months
 - Reisolate fungus
 - Study changes in wood and bark



Experiment to assess effect of spore type and inoculation method

April 2005

- 45 trees
- 3 inocula
 - Ascospores
 - Conidia
 - water
- 3 types of wounds



- Some trees of all treatments are showing fluting
- Fluting is usually greater with Nectria than with water treatment
- Type of wound has more effect than type of spore used
- Deep wounds show greater fluting than shallow wounds

What do we know so far?

- **Ascospores are present in fruit bodies in all seasons**
- **A cluster of fruit bodies probably remains active for many months**
- **Moisture is required for spore release and probably dispersal**
- ***N. fuckeliana* grows best at warm temperatures, but can probably grow to some extent year-round in NZ**
- **Spore trapping will allow correlation of spore release with weather conditions**
- **Successful fruit body production in culture**
- **Infected radiata pine shows active resistance response. Study of early disease development is in progress.**