### **POTENTIAL FOR BIOCONTROL OF PATHOGENS**

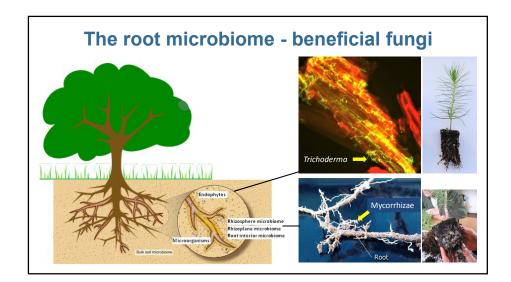
Presenter: Dr. Helen Whelan













## Trichoderma root endophytes

- Naturally occurring fungus found in roots and soil;
  - has a symbiotic/mutualistic relationship with plants
- Benefits of Trichoderma:
  - · plant growth promotion
  - · activate plant defence systems
  - · be aggressive against other fungi
  - · increased plant tolerance to stress
  - · improved nutrient uptake
- ⇒ Trichoderma do a similar job to Mycorrhizae fungi (eg. Rhizopogon)
- Easy to grow and propagate; easy to use in nursery

## **Management of Foliar Disease**

Management of foliar diseases often involves inputs of agrichemicals:

- but recently emphasis on minimizing environmental impact
  - finding more sustainable ways to operate
  - pressure to reduce or eliminate use of agrichemicals
- naturally occurring organisms (eg. Trichoderma) offer a non-chemical alternative for disease control and growth promotion







## **Trichoderma** Pine Research Programme:

To reduce foliar disease losses using <u>beneficial Trichoderma</u> root <u>endophytes</u> by suppressing disease and enhancing growth in nurseries and plantations



Reduced chemicals and improve growth in nurseries



Healthier forests and faster growth



Protection against pathogens not yet here

# Trichoderma Pine Research Programme:

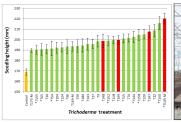
 Selection of *Trichoderma* endophyte strains from the roots of very healthy, strongly growing plants (*P. radiata,* mint, rose, garlic, agapanthus, lily etc.)



## **Trichoderma** Pine Research Programme:

2. Hundreds of *Trichoderma* strains were tested in containerised nursery trials

Disease challenge assays developed (*Dothistroma*, *Diplodia*, *Terminal Crook*)







The most effective *Trichoderma* strains for increasing growth and health of pine seedlings were selected

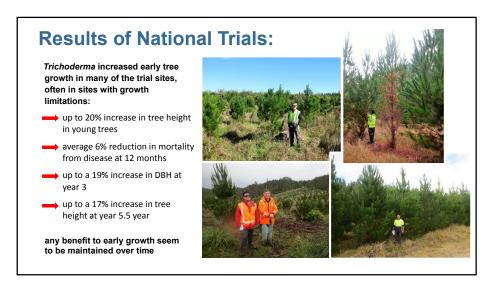
## *Trichoderma* Pine Research Programme:

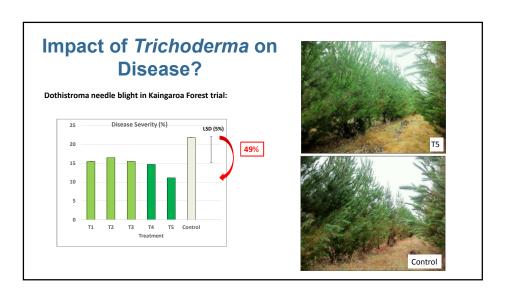
3. 20 x plantation trials from Nelson to Northland

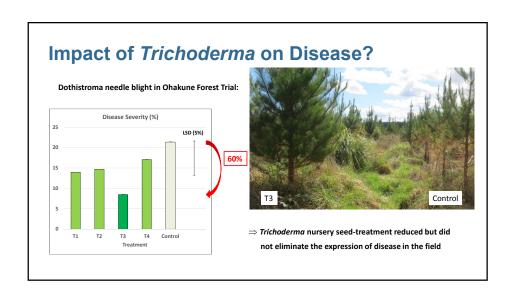












## Trichoderma Pine Research Programme:

4. Eight large validation trials (2-3ha; winter 2018)

The best two *Trichoderma* treatments were selected from the national trials:

PR6 mixture, PR3a mixture (applied as a seed-coat in the nursery) and untreated control

#### Four Regions:

Gisborne

Northland

Bay of Plenty/Waikato

### Two Sites per Region:

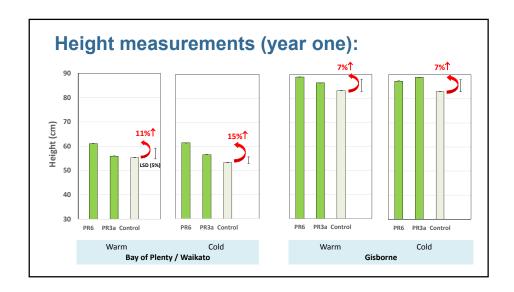
High altitude/cooler and Low altitude/warmer

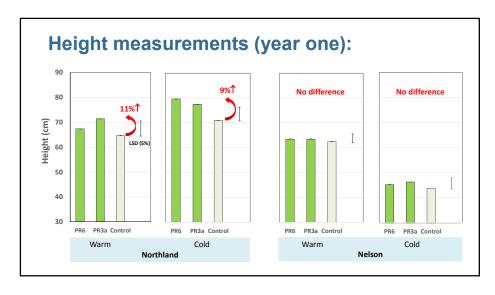
#### Robust design:

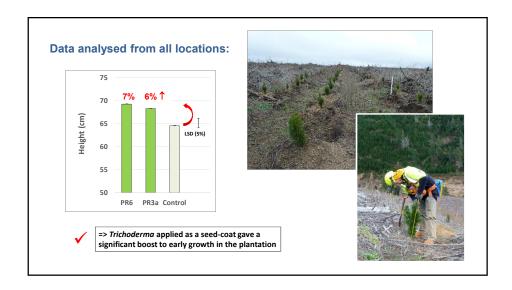
81 trees per plot (9 x 9 trees)

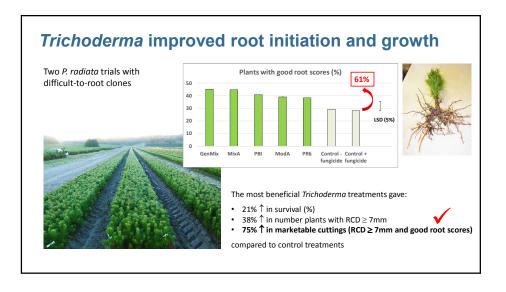
7 to 10 Replicates per trial











# Trichoderma improved seedling growth in Douglas-fir

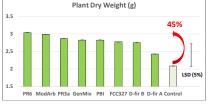
=> very high root colonisation levels at 12 months

√ Trichoderma + Douglas-fir = highly compatible



Trichoderma is highly beneficial to Douglas-fir seedling growth





# Does *Trichoderma* persist in inoculated trees once planted in plantations?

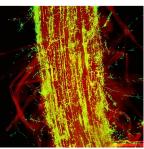
#### Seedlings:

✓ Good colonisation and persistence of *Trichoderma* in roots of nursery plants

#### Plantation trees:

A sensitive, species/strain specific molecular test available:

90% of tested trees (at 3.5 years of age) had the presence of an applied *Trichoderma* (LU633)



Trichoderma (green) inside roots

# Can *Trichoderma* treatments mitigate disease problems in established trees?

The most practical/cost effective to apply *Trichoderma* in the nursery as a seed-coat or soil drench

- but can you apply *Trichoderma* to established plantation trees?
- · or as a top-up?





Two "proof of concept" trials established in Bay of Plenty

- ✓ You can introduce *Trichoderma* into roots of established trees and generate growth improvements
  - ⇒ but we need a more practical way of doing this
  - ⇒ 2 trials with *Trichoderma* applied to foliage and the ground were established in Bay of Plenty this spring

## Other on-going or future work:

- 1. Can *Trichoderma* improve growth and control canker in Cypress?
- 2. Can *Trichoderma* control Swiss needle cast in Douglas-fir?
- 3. Should *Trichoderma* strains be targeted to different regions/environments?
- 4. Impact of nursery chemicals on colonisation and persistence of *Trichoderma* strains?
- 5. Can *Trichoderma* be used to boost poor soils in nurseries?



### **Conclusions:**

- Trichoderma root endophytes significantly improved plant growth and health in nursery and plantation trees
- Early indications that *Trichoderma* inoculated plantation trees may have less foliar disease than untreated trees
- Nursery seed-coating or drenches are an efficient and effective way to introduce *Trichoderma* into the forestry system





Confidence to begin the commercialisation discussion process of these beneficial *Trichoderma* mixtures as biocontrol agents in NZ forestry

#### A big thank you to:

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- · Nelson Forests Ltd
- · Tasman Pines Ltd
- Juken NZ
- Edendale Nursery (ArborGen) Ltd
- Proseed NZ Ltd and many private growers

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